# BDO PBE IPSAS 19: PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

**SCOPE** 

Excludes provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets arising from:

- Non-onerous executory contracts; and
- Those covered by other PBE Standards such as:
- PBE IPSAS 25 Employee Benefits.
- PBE IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts.

### **DEFINITIONS**

- Provision a liability of uncertain timing or amount.
- · Contingent liability
- A possible obligation that arises from past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly in the control of the entity: or
- A present obligation that arises from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.
- Contingent asset possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

# RECOGNITION

# **PROVISIONS**

Provisions are recognised when the entity:

- Has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event.
- It is probable that an outflow or economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation;
- A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

# **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Contingent liabilities are not recognised.

#### **CONTINGENT ASSETS**

Contingent assets are not recognised.

# **MEASUREMENT**

- Provision are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at reporting date.
- In determining the best estimate, the related risks and uncertainties are taken into account.
- Where the effect of the time value of money (TVM) is material, the amount of the provision is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The discount rate used is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the TVM and the risks specific to the liability.
- The discount rate does not reflect risks for which future cash flow estimates have been adjusted.
- Future events that may affect the amount required to settle the obligation are reflected in the amount of the provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur.
- Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring the provision.
- Reimbursements from third parties for some or all expenditure required to settle a provision are recognised only when it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received. The reimbursement is treated as a separate asset, which cannot exceed the amount of the provision.
- Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.
- If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.
- · Provisions are used only for expenditures for which the provision was originally recognised.
- Provisions are not recognised for net deficits from net deficits from future operating activities.

## **ONEROUS CONTRACTS**

- Onerous contract one where the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits or service potential expected to be received under it.
- For onerous contract, the provision is recognised and measured, at the lower of:
- The cost of fulfilling the contract; and
- The costs/penalties incurred in cancelling the contract.
- · Before a separate provision for an onerous contract is recognised, an entity recognises any impairment loss (per NZ IAS 36 - Impairment of Assets) that has occurred on assets dedicated to that contract.

#### RESTRUCTURING

Restructuring provisions are only permitted to be recognised when an entity has:

- A detailed formal plane for the restructuring identifying:
- The activities/operating unit (or part thereof) concerned; principal locations affected; location, function, approximate number of employees to be compensated for termination of services; expenditures that will be undertaken and when the plan will be implemented.
- Has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main featured to those affected by it.
- Restructuring provisions only include the direct expenditures arising from the restructuring i.e. those that are both necessarily entailed by the restructuring and not associated with the entity's ongoing activities.

Although every effort is made to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act upon such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular facts and circumstances of the situation.

© 2014 BDO New Zealand Limited. All Rights Reserved. For more information visit www.bdo.co.nz.